

SVENSK STANDARD

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Vibration och stöt – Tillståndskontroll och diagnos av maskiner – Krav på utbildning och certifiering av personal – Del 5: Laboratorietekniker för smörjmedel (ISO 18436-5:2012, IDT)

Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines – Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel – Part 5: Lubricant laboratory technician/analyst (ISO 18436-5:2012, IDT)

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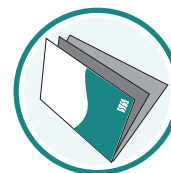
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The International Standard ISO 18436-5:2012 has the status of a Swedish Standard. This document contains the official English version of ISO 18436-5:2012.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 18436-5 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 108, *Mechanical vibration, shock and condition monitoring*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines*.

ISO 18436 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel*:

- *Part 1: Requirements for assessment parties and the assessment process*
- *Part 2: Vibration condition monitoring*
- *Part 3: Requirements for training bodies and the training process*
- *Part 4: Field lubricant analysis*
- *Part 5: Lubricant laboratory technician/analyst*
- *Part 6: Acoustic emission*
- *Part 7: Thermography*

The following part is under preparation:

- *Part 8: Ultrasound*

The following part is planned:

- *Part 9: Condition monitoring specialists*

Introduction

Using lubricant analysis to monitor condition and diagnose faults in machinery is a key activity in predictive maintenance programmes for most industries. Other non-intrusive technologies including thermography, vibration analysis, acoustic emission, and motor current analysis are used as complementary condition analysis tools. Those in the manufacturing industry who have diligently and consistently applied these techniques have experienced a return on investment far exceeding their expectations. However, the effectiveness of these programmes depends on the capabilities of individuals who perform the measurements and analyse the data.

A programme, administered by an assessment body, has been developed to train and assess the competence of personnel whose duties require the appropriate theoretical and practical knowledge of machinery monitoring and diagnostics.

This part of ISO 18436 defines the requirements against which personnel in the non-intrusive machinery condition monitoring and diagnostics technologies associated with laboratory lubricant analysis for machinery condition monitoring are to be qualified and the methods of assessing such personnel.

Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel —

Part 5: Lubricant laboratory technician/analyst

1 Scope

This part of ISO 18436 specifies the requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel who perform machinery condition monitoring and diagnostics using laboratory-based lubricant analysis.

A certificate or declaration of conformity to this part of ISO 18436 provides recognition of the qualifications and competence of individuals to perform laboratory-based lubricant analysis for machinery condition monitoring. It is possible that this procedure is not applicable to specialized equipment or other specific situations.

This part of ISO 18436 covers a three-category classification programme that is based on the technical areas delineated herein.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Table A.3 provides comments on the degree of equivalence between the ISO and ASTM standards on the same subjects.

ISO 1523, *Determination of flash point — Closed cup equilibrium method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D3828.

ISO 2592, *Determination of flash and fire points — Cleveland open cup method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D92.

ISO 2719, *Determination of flash point — Pensky–Martens closed cup method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D93.

ISO 2909, *Petroleum products — Calculation of viscosity index from kinematic viscosity*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D2270.

ISO 3104, *Petroleum products — Transparent and opaque liquids — Determination of kinematic viscosity and calculation of dynamic viscosity*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D445.

ISO 3679, *Determination of flash point — Rapid equilibrium closed cup method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D3828.

ISO 3733, *Petroleum products and bituminous materials — Determination of water — Distillation method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D95.

ISO 3771, *Petroleum products — Determination of base number — Perchloric acid potentiometric titration method*

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NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D2896.

ISO 4406, *Hydraulic fluid power — Fluids — Method for coding the level of contamination by solid particles*

ISO 6247, *Petroleum products — Determination of foaming characteristics of lubricating oils*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D892.

ISO 6614, *Petroleum products — Determination of water separability of petroleum oils and synthetic fluids*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D1401.

ISO 6618, *Petroleum products and lubricants — Determination of acid or base number — Colour-indicator titration method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D974.

ISO 6619, *Petroleum products and lubricants — Neutralization number — Potentiometric titration method*

ISO 9120, *Petroleum and related products — Determination of air-release properties of steam turbine and other oils — Impinger method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D3427.

ISO 10337, *Crude petroleum — Determination of water — Coulometric Karl Fischer titration method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D6304.

ISO 11171, *Hydraulic fluid power — Calibration of automatic particle counters for liquids*

ISO 11500, *Hydraulic fluid power — Determination of the particulate contamination level of a liquid sample by automatic particle counting using the light-extinction principle*

ISO 12937, *Petroleum products — Determination of water — Coulometric Karl Fischer titration method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D6304.

ISO 13372, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Vocabulary*

ISO 13736, *Determination of flash point — Abel closed-cup method*

NOTE Technically equivalent to ASTM D3828.

ISO/IEC 17025, *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*

ISO 18436-1:—, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel — Part 1: Requirements for assessment bodies and the assessment process*

ISO 18436-3, *Condition monitoring and diagnostics of machines — Requirements for qualification and assessment of personnel — Part 3: Requirements for training bodies and the training process*

ASTM D664, *Standard Test Method for Acid Number of Petroleum Products by Potentiometric Titration*

ASTM D893, *Standard Test Method for Insolubles in Used Lubricating Oils*

ASTM D2272, *Standard Test Method for Oxidation Stability of Steam Turbine Oils by Rotating Pressure Vessel*

ASTM D2982, *Standard Test Methods for Detecting Glycol-Base Antifreeze in Used Lubricating Oils*

ASTM D3524, *Standard Test Method for Diesel Fuel Diluent in Used Diesel Engine Oils by Gas Chromatography*

ASTM D3525, *Standard Test Method for Gasoline Diluent in Used Gasoline Engine Oils by Gas Chromatography*

ASTM D4739, *Standard Test Method for Base Number Determination by Potentiometric Hydrochloric Acid Titration*

ASTM D5185, *Standard Test Method for Determination of Additive Elements, Wear Metals, and Contaminants in Used Lubricating Oils and Determination of Selected Elements in Base Oils by Inductively Coupled Plasma–Atomic Emission Spectrometry (ICP–AES)*

ASTM D5967, *Standard Test Method for Evaluation of Diesel Engine Oils in T-8 Diesel Engine*

ASTM D6595, *Standard Test Method for Determination of Wear Metals and Contaminants in Used Lubricating Oils or Used Hydraulic Fluids by Rotating Disc Electrode Atomic Emission Spectrometry*

ASTM D7418, *Standard Practice for Set-Up and Operation of Fourier Transform Infrared (FT–IR) Spectrometers for In-Service Oil Condition Monitoring*

ASTM E169, *Standard Practices for General Techniques of Ultraviolet–Visible Quantitative Analysis*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 13372 and the following apply.

3.1

lubricant

any substance interposed between two surfaces in relative motion for the purpose of modifying the friction and reducing the wear between them

[ISO 18436-4:—, 3.1]

Note to entry: Hydraulic and heat transfer fluids are considered lubricants.

3.2

lubricant analysis

process of monitoring and performing investigative testing of lubricants, with subsequent interpretation, reporting and response to obtained results

[ISO 18436-4:—, 3.2]

4 Classification of personnel (laboratory lubricant analysis)

4.1 General

Individuals assessed as conforming to the requirements of this part of ISO 18436 shall be classified in one of three categories depending upon their qualifications. They shall have demonstrated the necessary skills in laboratory-based lubricant analysis for their category as indicated in Annex A.

Personnel classified as category II need to have all the knowledge and skills expected of personnel classified as category I, while personnel classified as category III need to have all the knowledge and skills expected of personnel classified as category II.

4.2 Category I

Individuals classified as category I are qualified to perform simple tasks related to the proper handling and testing, in a laboratory setting, of machinery lubricant samples according to established and recognized procedures. Personnel classified as category I shall be able to:

- a) properly and safely receive and handle lubricant samples;
- b) ensure laboratory testing equipment is within calibration, as per specified procedures;
- c) recognize sources of error;
- d) be capable of preventing and controlling errors related to handling, testing and data;