

SVENSK STANDARD

SS-EN 15437-2:2012



Fastställt/Approved: 2012-09-22
Publicerad/Published: 2012-09-25
Utgåva/Edition: 1
Språk/Language: engelska/English
ICS: 45.040; 45.060.01

Järnvägar – Kontroll av lagerboxar – Utförande- och prestandakrav – Del 2: System för temperaturkontroll

Railway applications – Axlebox condition monitoring – Interface and design requirements – Part 2: Performance and design requirements of on-board systems for temperature monitoring

This preview is downloaded from www.sis.se. Buy the entire standard via <https://www.sis.se/std-87522>

Standarder får världen att fungera

SIS (Swedish Standards Institute) är en fristående ideell förening med medlemmar från både privat och offentlig sektor. Vi är en del av det europeiska och globala nätverk som utarbetar internationella standarder. Standarder är dokumenterad kunskap utvecklad av framstående aktörer inom industri, näringsliv och samhälle och befrämjar handel över gränser, bidrar till att processer och produkter blir säkrare samt effektiviserar din verksamhet.

Delta och påverka

Som medlem i SIS har du möjlighet att påverka framtida standarder inom ditt område på nationell, europeisk och global nivå. Du får samtidigt tillgång till tidig information om utvecklingen inom din bransch.

Ta del av det färdiga arbetet

Vi erbjuder våra kunder allt som rör standarder och deras tillämpning. Hos oss kan du köpa alla publikationer du behöver – allt från enskilda standarder, tekniska rapporter och standardpaket till handböcker och onlinetjänster. Genom vår webbtjänst e-nav får du tillgång till ett lättnavigerat bibliotek där alla standarder som är aktuella för ditt företag finns tillgängliga. Standarder och handböcker är källor till kunskap. Vi säljer dem.

Utveckla din kompetens och lyckas bättre i ditt arbete

Hos SIS kan du gå öppna eller företagsinterna utbildningar kring innehåll och tillämpning av standarder. Genom vår närhet till den internationella utvecklingen och ISO får du rätt kunskap i rätt tid, direkt från källan. Med vår kunskap om standarders möjligheter hjälper vi våra kunder att skapa verklig nytta och lönsamhet i sina verksamheter.

Vill du veta mer om SIS eller hur standarder kan effektivisera din verksamhet är du välkommen in på www.sis.se eller ta kontakt med oss på tel 08-555 523 00.



Standards make the world go round

SIS (Swedish Standards Institute) is an independent non-profit organisation with members from both the private and public sectors. We are part of the European and global network that draws up international standards. Standards consist of documented knowledge developed by prominent actors within the industry, business world and society. They promote cross-border trade, they help to make processes and products safer and they streamline your organisation.

Take part and have influence

As a member of SIS you will have the possibility to participate in standardization activities on national, European and global level. The membership in SIS will give you the opportunity to influence future standards and gain access to early stage information about developments within your field.

Get to know the finished work

We offer our customers everything in connection with standards and their application. You can purchase all the publications you need from us - everything from individual standards, technical reports and standard packages through to manuals and online services. Our web service e-nav gives you access to an easy-to-navigate library where all standards that are relevant to your company are available. Standards and manuals are sources of knowledge. We sell them.

Increase understanding and improve perception

With SIS you can undergo either shared or in-house training in the content and application of standards. Thanks to our proximity to international development and ISO you receive the right knowledge at the right time, direct from the source. With our knowledge about the potential of standards, we assist our customers in creating tangible benefit and profitability in their organisations.

If you want to know more about SIS, or how standards can streamline your organisation, please visit www.sis.se or contact us on phone +46 (0)8-555 523 00



Europastandarden EN 15437-2:2012 gäller som svensk standard. Detta dokument innehåller den officiella engelska versionen av EN 15437-2:2012.

The European Standard EN 15437-2:2012 has the status of a Swedish Standard. This document contains the official version of EN 15437-2:2012.

© Copyright/Upphovsrätten till denna produkt tillhör SIS, Swedish Standards Institute, Stockholm, Sverige. Användningen av denna produkt regleras av slutanvändarlicensen som återfinns i denna produkt, se standardens sista sidor.

© Copyright SIS, Swedish Standards Institute, Stockholm, Sweden. All rights reserved. The use of this product is governed by the end-user licence for this product. You will find the licence in the end of this document.

Uppllysningar om sakinnehållet i standarden lämnas av SIS, Swedish Standards Institute, telefon 08-555 520 00. Standarder kan beställas hos SIS Förlag AB som även lämnar allmänna uppllysningar om svensk och utländsk standard.

Information about the content of the standard is available from the Swedish Standards Institute (SIS), telephone +46 8 555 520 00. Standards may be ordered from SIS Förlag AB, who can also provide general information about Swedish and foreign standards.

Denna standard är framtagen av kommittén för Järnvägar, SIS/TK 254.

Har du synpunkter på innehållet i den här standarden, vill du delta i ett kommande revideringsarbete eller vara med och ta fram andra standarder inom området? Gå in på www.sis.se - där hittar du mer information.

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 15437-2

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

September 2012

ICS 45.060.01

English Version

Railway applications - Axlebox condition monitoring - Interface and design requirements - Part 2: Performance and design requirements of on-board systems for temperature monitoring

Applications ferroviaires - Surveillance des boîtes d'essieux
- Exigences liées aux interfaces - Partie 2: Exigences de performance et de conception des systèmes embarqués de surveillance de la température

Bahnanwendungen - Zustandsüberwachung von Radsatzlagern - Leistungsanforderungen - Teil 2: Leistungs- und Konstruktionsanforderungen von fahrzeugbasierten Systemen für Temperaturüberwachung

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 12 August 2012.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Contents	Page
Foreword.....	3
Introduction	4
1 Scope	5
2 Normative references	5
3 Terms and definitions	6
4 Equipment and characteristics	6
4.1 Design requirements	6
4.2 Reliability	7
4.3 Description of alarm levels	7
5 Monitoring performance	7
5.1 General.....	7
5.2 Required information	7
5.2.1 Basic	7
5.2.2 Advanced.....	7
5.3 Monitoring capability.....	8
5.3.1 Basic on-board monitoring system	8
5.3.2 Advanced on-board monitoring system.....	8
5.4 Functional Safety	9
6 Operation and interface	9
6.1 Operation	9
6.1.1 Basic on-board monitoring systems	9
6.1.2 Advanced on-board monitoring systems.....	9
6.2 Interface	10
6.2.1 Basic on-board monitoring system	10
6.2.2 Advanced on-board monitoring system.....	10
7 Assessment methods and criteria	10
Annex ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 2008/57/EC	12
Bibliography	15

Foreword

This document (EN 15437-2:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 256 "Railway applications", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

EN 15437 "*Railway applications - Axlebox condition monitoring - Interface and design requirements*" is comprised of the following parts:

- *Part 1: Track side equipment and rolling stock axlebox;*
- *Part 2: Performance and design requirements of on-board systems for temperature monitoring* (the present document).

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

Failed wheelset bearings on rolling stock create a hazard to the safe operation of the railway. If a bearing fails while rolling stock is in service there is the potential for a catastrophic event. A catastrophic event may result in fatalities, severe damage to rolling stock and/or the infrastructure and a risk that rolling stock may derail and/or a fire may develop.

One indication that a bearing is about to fail is a rise in the heat generated by the bearing. Bearings that are about to fail may, therefore, be detected by monitoring their temperature to identify an unacceptable rise.

This part of EN 15437 covers the monitoring of axlebox bearing temperature by on-board monitoring systems. According to the application, these may be considered to be basic systems or advanced systems.

In most cases, rolling stock axleboxes continue to be monitored by trackside Hot AxleBox Detectors [HABD] which is the subject of Part 1 of EN 15437. The monitoring system is fitted on the rolling stock and is able to function autonomously from trackside monitoring systems which are ground-based.

In contrast to trackside monitoring systems, the detection characteristic may be adapted to the particular vehicle design, such that the alarm levels employed are configured depending on the bearing properties, sensor arrangement, vehicle type, network characteristics, etc.

The use of on-board monitoring may also provide a solution for overcoming constraints related to bogie design or other aspects of vehicle design or operation which may prevent effective monitoring by means of the trackside monitoring systems.

Other devices which apply functionally equivalent alternatives (for example based on the principle of vibration monitoring) may be available and normalized elsewhere, such as in other parts of this series of European Standards.

1 Scope

This European Standard defines the minimum performance requirements of on-board monitoring systems for axlebox condition monitoring by means of temperature measurements.

This European Standard refers to temperature monitoring of the axlebox. However, the design may be such that the rolling bearing itself is monitored directly.

The requirements of this European Standard are intended to apply equally to basic monitoring systems for monitoring the axlebox temperature through to more technically complex systems that may employ a combination of mechatronics.

To ensure the compatibility of monitoring systems and the effective monitoring functions, this European Standard defines the requirements in the following areas:

- equipment and characteristics;
- monitoring performance;
- operation and interface.

This part of EN 15437 does not include:

- systems that do not give an indication to the driver;
- how an on-board monitoring system is structured and how it measures the temperature and identifies axlebox position. This is considered part of equipment design and not part of the functional requirements set out in this standard;
- operational requirements for acting on the information reported by the on-board monitoring system;
- operational requirements for conflict of information between trackside monitoring systems and on-board monitoring systems;
- maintenance requirements for on-board temperature monitoring systems.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 50121-2, *Railway applications — Electromagnetic compatibility — Part 2: Emission of the whole railway system to the outside world*

EN 50125-1, *Railway applications — Environmental conditions for equipment — Part 1: Equipment on board rolling stock*

EN 50126-1, *Railway applications — The specification and demonstration of Reliability, Availability, Maintainability and Safety (RAMS) — Part 1: Basic requirements and generic process*

EN 50128, *Railway applications — Communications, signalling and processing systems — Software for railway control and protection systems*

SS-EN 15437-2:2012 (E)

EN 50129, *Railway applications — Communication, signalling and processing systems — Safety related electronic systems for signalling*

EN 50155, *Railway applications — Electronic equipment used on rolling stock*

EN 61373, *Railway applications — Rolling stock equipment — Shock and vibration tests (IEC 61373)*

EN 61508 (all parts), *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems (IEC 61508 (all parts))*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

- 3.1**
axlebox
assembly of box housing, rolling bearings, sealing and grease
- 3.2**
bearing
axle journal bearing or bearing assembly on a rail vehicle axle that transmits a proportion of the weight of the rail vehicle directly to the wheel set
- 3.3**
rolling bearing
bearing operating with rolling motion between the parts, supporting load and moving in relation to each other
- 3.4**
on-board monitoring system
system that is capable of detecting a temperature of an axlebox that is indicative of the health of that axlebox and indicates when acceptable temperature conditions have been exceeded
- 3.5**
Safety Integrity Level (SIL)
one of a number of defined discrete levels to specify the safety integrity requirements of the safety functions to be allocated to the safety related systems

Note 1 to entry: The Safety Integrity Level with the highest figure has the highest level of safety integrity.

4 Equipment and characteristics

4.1 Design requirements

The equipment shall respect the applicable requirements regarding the environmental conditions for equipment on-board rolling stock as set out in EN 50125-1. In particular, vibration design of electrical and electronic equipment, as well as their fixing, associated with the measurements on the bearing unit or on the axle box shall respect the requirements set out in EN 61373.

The equipment shall respect the applicable requirements regarding electronic equipment as set out in EN 50155.

On-board monitoring systems shall not interfere or influence the behaviour of trackside equipment or other train-borne equipment.

NOTE This document does not set out the architecture of the environment in which an on-board temperature monitoring system may be installed. The range of architectures may differ significantly (from a freight wagon to a high

speed EMU) and therefore the level of protection required for each installation may be quite different. It is the responsibility of the system installer to establish if the specification of an on-board temperature monitoring system (including any protection for interference from external sources such as electricity or heat) is suitable for the architecture in which it is to be installed and to perform.

4.2 Reliability

The reliability of the on-board monitoring system shall be expressed according to the methods set out in EN 50129. This is to enable the Railway Undertaking (or other responsible entity) to satisfy their requirements when making a risk analysis (concerning rolling stock running with an undetected hot axlebox), for example as described in EN 50126-1.

4.3 Description of alarm levels

Temperature limits shall be determined for alarm levels depending on the bearing properties, sensor arrangement, vehicle type, network characteristics, etc. as follows:

- Alarm level 1 (“hot” alarm): The temperature limit, indicative of the condition of a bearing, above which damage will occur to the bearing and/or its functionality, with the potential to lead to a hazardous event.
- Alarm level 2 (“warm” alarm): The temperature limit, indicative of the condition of a bearing, above which accelerated deterioration of its serviceability is anticipated to occur.

The axle box tests undertaken as part of the requirements set out in EN 12082 can provide an indication of the values to which the alarm levels should be set. However, the range of operational conditions can be different (grease, loads, speeds, forces, etc.) to those of the tests and therefore the final choice of values should account for operational condition.

NOTE The design and function of trackside HABDs means that the differential alarm is required. However, because the on-board monitoring system is specific to an axlebox, a differential alarm is not required. This does not prevent installing an on-board system that includes a differential alarm.

5 Monitoring performance

5.1 General

To cater for different requirements, this standard sets out requirements for both basic and advanced on-board monitoring systems.

The essential requirement is that the on-board monitoring system shall determine the temperature condition of the axlebox and indicate that acceptable temperature conditions have been exceeded. Advanced on-board monitoring systems shall determine the temperature condition of the axlebox and deliver information on the temperature condition ready for further communication and diagnosis.

5.2 Required information

5.2.1 Basic

Essential information for a basic on-board monitoring system is:

- status that the temperature of the bearing has exceeded Alarm level 1.

5.2.2 Advanced

Essential information for an advanced on-board monitoring system is: