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**Markundersökningar – Parametrar för geokemisk modellering av lakning och specifiering av beståndsdelar i mark och material –
Del 4: Utvinning av humusämnen från fasta prover
(ISO 12782-4:2012)**

**Soil quality – Parameters for geochemical modelling of leaching and speciation of constituents in soils and materials –
Part 4: Extraction of humic substances from solid samples
(ISO 12782-4:2012)**



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**Förhållandet till övriga delar under samma huvudtitel - Utdrag ur Förord i ISO 12782-4:2012/
Relations to other parts under the same general title - Extract from the Foreword of
ISO 12782-4:2012**

ISO 12782 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Soil quality — Parameters for geochemical modelling of leaching and speciation of constituents in soils and materials*:

- Part 1: *Extraction of amorphous iron oxides and hydroxides with ascorbic acid*
- Part 2: *Extraction of crystalline iron oxides and hydroxides with dithionite*
- Part 3: *Extraction of aluminium oxides and hydroxides with ammonium oxalate/oxalic acid*
- Part 4: *Extraction of humic substances from solid samples*
- Part 5: *Extraction of humic substances from aqueous samples*

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Denna standard är framtagen av kommittén för Karaktärisering av avfall, mark och slam, SIS/TK 535.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 12782-4

June 2012

ICS 13.080.05

English Version

**Soil quality - Parameters for geochemical modelling of leaching
and speciation of constituents in soils and materials - Part 4:
Extraction of humic substances from solid samples (ISO 12782-
4:2012)**

Qualité du sol - Paramètres pour la modélisation
géochimique de la lixiviation et de la spéciation des
constituants des sols et des matériaux - Partie 4: Extraction
des substances humiques des échantillons solides (ISO
12782-4:2012)

Bodenbeschaffenheit - Parameter zur geochemischen
Modellierung der Elution und Speziation von Bestandteilen
in Böden und Materialien - Teil 4: Extraktion von
Humusstoffen aus Feststoffproben (ISO 12782-4:2012)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 31 May 2012.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 12782-4:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190 "Soil quality" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 345 "Characterization of soils" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2012, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2012.

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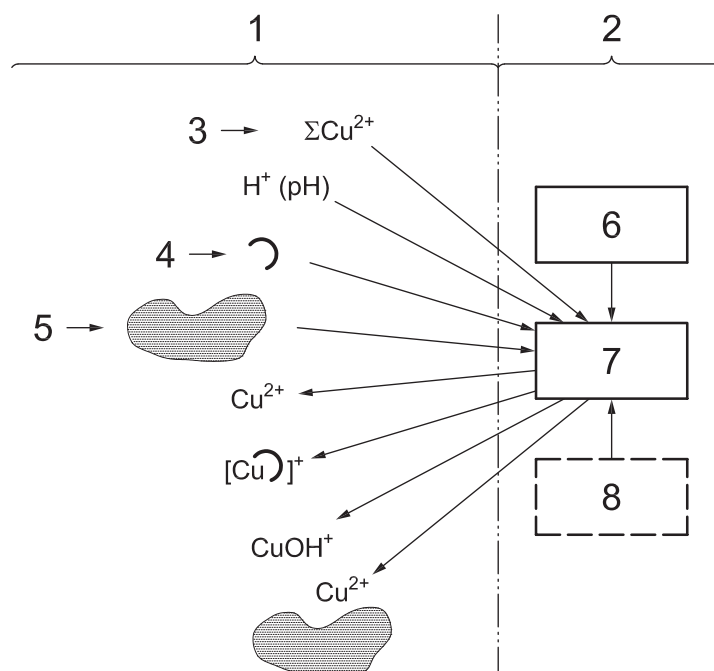
Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 12782-4:2012 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 12782-4:2012 without any modification.

Introduction

In addition to leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and other materials including waste, predictive models are becoming indispensable tools in the environmental risk assessment of these materials. Models are particularly required when the results of laboratory leaching tests are to be translated to specific scenarios in the field, with regard to assessing the risks of both contaminant migration and bioavailability.

In the past few years, geochemical models have been shown to be valuable tools to be combined with the data obtained from characterization leaching standards, such as pH-dependence and percolation tests. These models have the advantage of being based on fundamental thermodynamic parameters that have a general validity. In order to enable extrapolation of laboratory leaching data to the mobility and/or bioavailability of a constituent in a specific field scenario, these models require additional input parameters for specific soil properties (see Figure 1).



Key

- 1 experiment
- 2 geochemical speciation modelling
- 3 available metal concentration
- 4 dissolved humic substances
- 5 reactive (solid) surfaces
- 6 database with stability constants
- 7 computer program
- 8 assumptions

Figure 1 — Relationships between experimental data, as obtained from laboratory leaching/extraction tests, and geochemical modelling of the speciation of a heavy metal in the environment (modified after M. Gfeller & R. Schulin, ETH, Zürich)

Characterization leaching standards provide information on the concentrations of the contaminant of interest as a function of, in particular, pH and liquid/solid (L/S) ratio. In addition, a more complete analysis of the leachates also provides information on the major ion composition and dissolved organic carbon (DOC), parameters that are particularly important for the chemical speciation of constituents through processes such as precipitation, complexation and competition for adsorption on reactive mineral and organic surfaces in the soil. As illustrated

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in Figure 1 for the example of copper, geochemical modelling enables calculation of the metal distribution among these different chemical species in the system of interest. This provides necessary information for risk-assessment purposes, as these different chemical forms play distinct roles in the mobility and bioavailability of the metal in the soil. In addition to information obtained from the leaching standards (in their current state of development/definition), two additional types of information are required.

- a) The “available” (sometimes also referred to as “active” or “exchangeable”) concentration of the constituent in the solid phase, as opposed to the total concentration determined by acid destruction of the solid matrix. This “available” concentration can be obtained by leaching at low pH, a condition that can be obtained by extending the pH range in the pH-dependent leaching test (ISO/TS 21268-4) down to $\text{pH} \approx 0,5$ to $\text{pH} \approx 1$.
- b) The concentration of reactive organic and mineral surfaces in the soil, which constitute the major binding (adsorption) sites for most constituents in the soil matrix.

The major reactive surfaces that control the binding of constituents by sorption processes to the soil matrix are particulate organic matter and iron and aluminium (hydr)oxides. It is generally accepted that the reactivity of these mineral and organic surfaces can strongly vary as a function of their specific surface area/crystallinity [iron and aluminium (hydr)oxides] and composition (organic matter). When the results are intended to be used for the above-described purposes of geochemical modelling in conjunction with leaching tests, it is important that the methods be selective for reactive surfaces for which generic thermodynamic adsorption parameters are also available for the most important major and trace elements.

These reactive surfaces have been identified in soils, as well as in a variety of other materials for which the leaching of constituents is of relevance. It has been shown that the binding properties of these surfaces play a generic role in the speciation and leaching of constituents among these different materials. As an example, a similar geochemical modelling approach, using model input from the partial or complete ISO 12782 series, has been successfully applied to different soils^[3], amended soils^{[4][5]}, municipal incinerator bottom ash^[6], steel slag^{[7][8]}, bauxite residues^[9], and recycled concrete aggregate^[10]. Hence, the scope of the ISO 12782 series extends from soils to materials including soil amendments and waste materials.

This part of ISO 12782 aims to determine important reactive organic surfaces in soil and materials, for which generic thermodynamic adsorption parameters exist, i.e. humic and fulvic acids. The procedure is based on Reference [11], while generic thermodynamic adsorption parameters for humic and fulvic acids are available in References [12] and [13].

Thermodynamic parameters for adsorption models other than those used in References [12] and [13] are also available in the literature and may also be used to model the binding of constituents to humic and fulvic acids.

The method^[14] is based on a conventional isolation and purification method^[11] that is also used by the International Humic Substances Society (IHSS).

Soil quality — Parameters for geochemical modelling of leaching and speciation of constituents in soils and materials —

Part 4: Extraction of humic substances from solid samples

1 Scope

This part of ISO 12782 specifies a procedure to determine the concentration of humic substances in soil or other materials. Other materials also include waste. The content of humic substances can be used as input in geochemical models.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3696, *Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods*

ISO 5667-3, *Water quality — Sampling — Part 3: Preservation and handling of water samples*

ISO 8245, *Water quality — Guidelines for the determination of total organic carbon (TOC) and dissolved organic carbon (DOC)*

ISO 10381-1, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 1: Guidance on the design of sampling programmes*

ISO 10381-2, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 2: Guidance on sampling techniques*

ISO 10381-3, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 3: Guidance on safety*

ISO 10381-4, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 4: Guidance on the procedure for investigation of natural, near-natural and cultivated sites*

ISO 10381-5, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 5: Guidance on the procedure for the investigation of urban and industrial sites with regard to soil contamination*

ISO 10381-6, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 6: Guidance on the collection, handling and storage of soil under aerobic conditions for the assessment of microbiological processes, biomass and diversity in the laboratory*

ISO 11464, *Soil quality — Pretreatment of samples for physico-chemical analysis*

ISO 11465, *Soil quality — Determination of dry matter and water content on a mass basis — Gravimetric method*

EN 14899, *Characterization of waste — Sampling of waste materials — Framework for the preparation and application of a sampling plan*

EN 15002, *Characterization of waste — Preparation of test portions from the laboratory sample*

CEN/TR 15310-3, *Characterization of waste — Sampling of waste materials — Part 3: Guidance on procedures for sub-sampling in the field*