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Järnmalm för beskickning av masugn – Bestämning av lågtemperaturreduktion-upplösning index med en dynamisk metod (ISO 13930:2015, IDT)

Iron ores for blast furnace feedstocks – Determination of low-temperature reduction-disintegration indices by dynamic method (ISO 13930:2015, IDT)



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Den internationella standarden ISO 13930:2015 gäller som svensk standard. Detta dokument innehåller den officiella engelska versionen av ISO 13930:2015.

Denna standard ersätter SS-ISO 13930:2007, utgåva 1.

The International Standard ISO 13930:2015 has the status of a Swedish Standard. This document contains the official version of ISO 13930:2015.

This standard supersedes the Swedish Standard SS-ISO 13930:2007, edition 1.

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Information about the content of the standard is available from the Swedish Standards Institute (SIS), telephone +46 8 555 520 00. Standards may be ordered from SIS Förlag AB, who can also provide general information about Swedish and foreign standards.

Denna standard är framtagen av kommittén för Järnmalm, SIS/TK 149.

Har du synpunkter på innehållet i den här standarden, vill du delta i ett kommande revideringsarbete eller vara med och ta fram andra standarder inom området? Gå in på www.sis.se - där hittar du mer information.

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SS-ISO 13930:2017 (E)**Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 102, *Iron ore and direct reduced iron*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Physical testing*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 13930:2007), of which it constitutes a minor revision to contemplate the care needed during hand sieving, to introduce the mechanical sieving and to exclude the reference to ISO 4701.

This corrected version of ISO 13930:2015 incorporates the following corrections:

- in [7.2.1](#), CH₄ has been replaced by N₂.

Introduction

This International Standard concerns one of a number of physical test methods that have been developed to measure various physical parameters and to evaluate the behaviour of iron ores, including reducibility, disintegration, crushing strength, apparent density, etc. This method was developed to provide a uniform procedure, validated by collaborative testing, to facilitate comparisons of tests made in different laboratories.

The results of this test have to be considered in conjunction with other tests used to evaluate the quality of iron ores as feedstocks for blast furnace processes.

This International Standard can be used to provide test results as part of a production quality control system, as a basis of a contract, or as part of a research project.

Iron ores for blast furnace feedstocks — Determination of low-temperature reduction-disintegration indices by dynamic method

CAUTION — This International Standard may involve hazardous operations and equipment. This International Standard does not purport to address all of the safety issues associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this International Standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to its use.

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method to provide a relative measure for evaluating the degree of size degradation of iron ores when reduced under conditions resembling those prevailing in the low-temperature reduction zone of the blast furnace.

This International Standard is applicable to lump ores and hot-bonded pellets.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3082, *Iron ores — Sampling and sample preparation procedures*

ISO 3310-1, *Test sieves — Technical requirements and testing — Part 1: Test sieves of metal wire cloth*

ISO 3310-2, *Test sieves — Technical requirements and testing — Part 2: Test sieves of perforated metal plate*

ISO 11323, *Iron ore and direct reduced iron — Vocabulary*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 11323 apply.

4 Principle

The test portion is isothermally reduced in a rotating tube bed, at 500 °C, using a reducing gas consisting of CO, CO₂, H₂ and N₂, for 60 min. The reduced product is sieved with sieves having square openings of 6,30 mm, 3,15 mm and 500 µm. Three low-temperature reduction-disintegration indices (LTD) are calculated as the mass percentage of material greater than 6,30 mm, less than 3,15 mm and less than 500 µm.

5 Sampling, sample preparation and preparation of test portions

5.1 Sampling and sample preparation

Sampling of a lot and preparation of a test sample shall be in accordance with ISO 3082.

The size ranges for pellets shall be either – 16,0 mm + 12,5 mm or – 12,5 mm + 10,0 mm.

The size ranges for lump ores shall be – 12,5 mm + 10,0 mm.

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A test sample of at least 2,0 kg, on a dry basis, of the sized material shall be obtained.

Oven-dry the test sample to constant mass at $105\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ and cool it to room temperature before preparation of the test portions.

NOTE Constant mass is achieved when the difference in mass between two subsequent measurements becomes less than 0,05 % of the initial mass of the test sample.

5.2 Preparation of test portion

Collect each test portion by taking ore particles at random.

At least four test portions, each of approximately 500 g (\pm the mass of one particle) shall be prepared from the test sample.

Weigh the test portions to the nearest 1 g and register the mass of each test portion on its recipient label.

6 Apparatus

6.1 General

The test apparatus shall comprise the following:

- a) ordinary laboratory equipment, such as an oven, hand tools, time-control device and safety equipment;
- b) reduction tube assembly;
- c) furnace, with a system to rotate the reduction tube;
- d) system to supply the gases and regulate the flow rates;
- e) test sieves;
- f) weighing device.

[Figure 1](#) shows an example of the test apparatus.

6.2 Reduction tube, made of non-scaling, heat-resistant metal to withstand temperatures higher than 500 °C and resistant to deformation. The internal diameter shall be 150 mm and the internal length shall be 540 mm. Four equally spaced steel angle lifters, 540 mm long \times 20 mm high \times 4 mm thick, shall be solidly attached longitudinally inside the tube by welding, in such a manner as to prevent accumulation of material between the lifter and tube. A dust collector shall be connected to the tube to trap any fine particles carried in the gas stream out of the tube during the test. The tube shall be replaced, in any case, when its wall thickness is reduced to 3 mm in any area, and the lifters when their height is reduced to less than 18 mm.

[Figure 2](#) shows an example of a reduction tube.

6.3 Furnace, having a heating capacity and temperature control able to reach the test temperature within 45 min and to maintain the entire test portion, as well as the gas entering the test portion, at $500\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$.

6.4 Rotation equipment, capable of rotating the reduction tube at a constant rate of $10\text{ r/min} \pm 0,2\text{ r/min}$.

6.5 Gas-supply system, capable of supplying the gases and regulating gas flow rates.

6.6 Test sieves, conforming to ISO 3310-1 or ISO 3310-2 and having square apertures of the following nominal sizes: 6,30 mm; 3,15 mm; 500 μm .

6.7 Weighing device, capable of weighing the test sample and test portions to an accuracy of 0,1 g.

7 Test conditions

7.1 General

Volumes and flow rates of gases used are as measured at a reference temperature of 0 °C and at a reference atmospheric pressure of 101,325 kPa (1,013 25 bar).

7.2 Reducing gas

7.2.1 Composition

The reducing gas shall consist of the following:

CO	20,0 % \pm 0,5 % (volume fraction);
CO ₂	20,0 % \pm 0,5 % (volume fraction);
H ₂	2,0 % \pm 0,2 % (volume fraction);
N ₂	58,0 % \pm 1,0 % (volume fraction).

7.2.2 Purity

Impurities in the reducing gas shall not exceed the following:

O ₂	0,1 % (volume fraction);
H ₂ O	0,2 % (volume fraction).

7.2.3 Flow rate

The flow rate of the reducing gas, during the entire reducing period, shall be maintained at 20 L/min \pm 1 L/min.

7.3 Heating and cooling gas

Nitrogen (N₂) shall be used as the heating and cooling gas. Impurities shall not exceed 0,1 % (volume fraction).

The flow rate of N₂ shall be maintained at 20 L/min until the test portion reaches 500 °C, during the temperature-equilibration period and during cooling.

7.4 Temperature of the test portion

The temperature of the entire test portion shall be maintained at 500 °C \pm 5 °C during the entire reducing period and, as such, the reducing gas shall be preheated before entering the test portion.