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Brandteknisk provning av produkter – Bestämning av värmevärde (kalorimetriskt värde) (ISO 1716:2010)

Reaction to fire tests for products – Determination of the gross heat of combustion (calorific value) (ISO 1716:2018)



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Denna standard ersätter SS-EN ISO 1716:2010, utgåva 2

The European Standard EN ISO 1716:2018 has the status of a Swedish Standard. This document contains the official version of EN ISO 1716:2018.

This standard supersedes the SS-EN ISO 1716:2010, edition 2

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 1716

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

July 2018

ICS 13.220.50; 91.100.01

Supersedes EN ISO 1716:2010

English Version

**Reaction to fire tests for products - Determination
of the gross heat of combustion (calorific value)
(ISO 1716:2018)**

Essais de réaction au feu de produits -
Détermination du pouvoir calorifique supérieur
(valeur calorifique) (ISO 1716:2018)

Prüfungen zum Brandverhalten von Produkten
- Bestimmung der Verbrennungswärme
(des Brennwertes) (ISO 1716:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 May 2018.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 1716:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 92 "Fire safety" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 127 "Fire safety in buildings" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 1716:2010.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 1716:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 1716:2018 without any modification.

Reaction to fire tests for products — Determination of the gross heat of combustion (calorific value)

WARNING — The attention of all persons concerned with managing and carrying out this test is drawn to the fact that fire testing may be hazardous and that there is a possibility that toxic and/or harmful gases may be evolved during the test. Operational hazards may also arise during the testing of specimens, such as the possibility of an explosion, and during the disposal of test residues.

WARNING — An assessment of all the potential hazards and risks to health should be made and safety precautions should be identified and provided. Written safety instructions should be issued. Appropriate training should be given to relevant personnel. Laboratory personnel should ensure that they follow written instructions at all times.

1 Scope

This document specifies a method for the determination of the gross heat of combustion (Q_{PCS}) of products at constant volume in a bomb calorimeter.

This method is intended to be applied to solid products.

NOTE Liquids can be tested with similar equipment and using conditions described in ASTM D240[1], as described in IEC 61039[2] using ISO 1928[3] test equipment.

[Annex A](#) specifies the calculation of the net heat of combustion, Q_{PCI} , when required.

Information on the precision of the test method is given in [Annex B](#).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 554, *Standard atmospheres for conditioning and/or testing — Specifications*

EN 13238, *Reaction to fire tests for building products — Conditioning procedures and general rules for selection of substrates*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

product

material, element or component about which information is required

3.2

material

single basic substance or uniformly dispersed mixture of substances

EXAMPLE Stone, timber, concrete, mineral wool with a uniformly dispersed binder and polymers.

3.3

homogeneous product

product (3.1) consisting of a single *material* (3.2) having uniform density and composition throughout the *product* (3.1)

3.4

non-homogeneous product

product (3.1) that does not satisfy the requirements of a *homogeneous product* (3.3) and which is composed of more than one component, substantial or non-substantial

Note 1 to entry: If a non-homogeneous product cannot be easily separated into its component parts, the individual components shall be provided separately by the sponsor.

3.5

non-substantial component

material (3.2) that does not constitute a significant part of a *non-homogeneous product* (3.4) and that has a layer with a mass/unit area below 1,0 kg/m² and a thickness below 1,0 mm

Note 1 to entry: If the non-substantial layers do not comply with the above requirements, together they shall be considered to be substantial.

Note 2 to entry: Two or more non-substantial layers that are adjacent to each other (i.e. with no substantial component(s) in between the layers) are regarded as one non-substantial component when they collectively comply with the requirements for a layer being a non-substantial component.

3.6

substantial component

material (3.2) that constitutes a significant part of a *non-homogeneous product* (3.4) and that has a layer with a mass/unit area more than or equal to 1,0 kg/m² or a thickness more than or equal to 1,0 mm

Note 1 to entry: Two or more non-substantial layers that are adjacent to each other (i.e. with no substantial component(s) in between the layers) are regarded as one substantial component when they collectively comply with the requirements for a layer being a substantial component.

3.7

internal non-substantial component

non-substantial component (3.5) that is covered on both sides by at least one *substantial component* (3.6)

3.8

external non-substantial component

non-substantial component (3.5) that is not covered on one side by a *substantial component* (3.6)

3.9

heat of combustion

DEPRECATED: calorific value

Q

thermal energy produced by combustion of unit mass of a given substance

Note 1 to entry: The heat of combustion is expressed in megajoules per kilogram.

[SOURCE: ISO 13943:2008, 4.174, modified — The Note 1 to entry was changed.]

3.10

gross heat of combustion

Q_{PCS}

heat of combustion (3.9) of a substance when the combustion is complete and any produced water is entirely condensed under specified conditions

Note 1 to entry: The gross heat of combustion is expressed in megajoules per kilogram.

Note 2 to entry: The acronym PCS is derived from the French term “pouvoir calorifique supérieur”.

3.11**net heat of combustion** Q_{PCI}

heat of combustion (3.9) of a substance when the combustion is complete and any produced water is in the vapour state under specified conditions

Note 1 to entry: The net heat of combustion may be calculated from the gross heat of combustion.

Note 2 to entry: The net heat of combustion is expressed in megajoules per kilogram.

Note 3 to entry: The acronym PCI is derived from the French term “pouvoir calorifique inférieur”.

3.12**latent heat of vaporization of water** q

heat which is required to change water from a liquid to a gas

Note 1 to entry: The latent heat of vaporization is expressed in megajoules per kilogram.

3.13**surface density**

mass per unit area

Note 1 to entry: The surface density is expressed in kilograms per square metre.

4 Principle

In this test, a test specimen of specified mass is burned under standardized conditions, at constant volume, in an atmosphere of oxygen, in a bomb calorimeter calibrated by combustion of certified benzoic acid. The heat of combustion determined under these conditions is calculated on the basis of the observed temperature rise, taking account of heat loss and the latent heat of vaporization of water.

This is a test method for determining an absolute value of the heat of combustion for a product and it does not take into account any inherent variability of the product.

5 Test apparatus

The test apparatus (bomb calorimeter) shall be as illustrated in [Figure 1](#), and as detailed in [5.1](#) to [5.4](#). Additional equipment shall be in accordance with [5.5](#) to [5.10](#).

Equipment described in [5.1](#) to [5.4](#) could also be available as automatic or semi-automatic apparatuses. Any deviation from these subclauses has to be evaluated by the user according to requirements of subsequent subclauses.