

SVENSK STANDARD

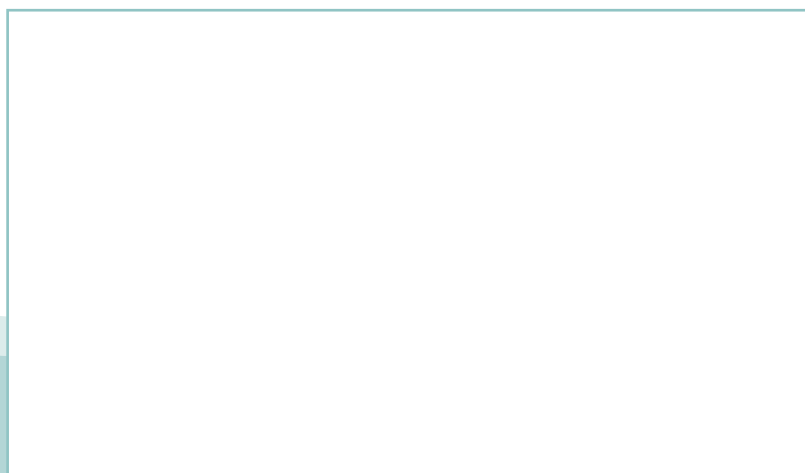
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Sterilisering av medicintekniska produkter – Mikrobiologiska metoder –

Del 1: Skattning av antalet mikroorganismer på produkter (ISO 11737-1:2018)

Sterilization of health care products – Microbiological methods – Part 1: Determination of a population of microorganisms on products (ISO 11737-1:2018)



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Denna standard ersätter SS-EN ISO 11737-1:2006, utgåva 1 och SS-EN ISO 11737-1:2006/AC:2009, utgåva 1.

The European Standard EN ISO 11737-1:2018 has the status of a Swedish Standard. This document contains the official version of EN ISO 11737-1:2018.

This standard supersedes the Swedish Standard SS-EN ISO 11737-1:2006, edition 1 and SS-EN ISO 11737-1:2006/AC:2009, edition 1.

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Denna standard är framtagen av kommittén för Rengöring, desinfektion och sterilisering, SIS/TK 349.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 11737-1

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

January 2018

ICS 07.100.10; 11.080.01

Supersedes EN ISO 11737-1:2006

English Version

Sterilization of health care products - Microbiological methods - Part 1: Determination of a population of microorganisms on products (ISO 11737-1:2018)

Stérilisation des produits de santé - Méthodes microbiologiques - Partie 1: Détermination d'une population de micro-organismes sur des produits (ISO 11737-1:2018)

Sterilisation von Produkten für die Gesundheitsfürsorge - Mikrobiologische Verfahren - Teil 1: Bestimmung der Population von Mikroorganismen auf Produkten (ISO 11737-1:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 6 December 2017.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 11737-1:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 198 "Sterilization of health care products" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 204 "Sterilization of medical devices" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 11737-1:2006.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 11737-1:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 11737-1:2018 without any modification.

SS-EN ISO 11737-1:2018 (E)**Introduction**

A sterile health care product is one that is free of viable microorganisms. International Standards that specify requirements for the validation and routine control of sterilization processes require, when it is necessary to supply a sterile health care product, that adventitious microbiological contamination of a health care product prior to sterilization be minimized. Such products are non-sterile. The purpose of sterilization is to inactivate the microbiological contaminants and thereby transform the non-sterile products into sterile ones.

The kinetics of inactivation of a pure culture of microorganisms by physical and/or chemical agents used to sterilize health care products can generally best be described by an exponential relationship between the numbers of microorganisms surviving and the extent of treatment with the sterilizing agent. Inevitably, this means there is always a finite probability that a microorganism can survive regardless of the extent of treatment applied. For a given treatment, the probability of survival is determined by the number and resistance of microorganisms and by the environment in which the microorganisms exist during treatment. It follows that the sterility of any one product in a population subjected to sterilization processing cannot be guaranteed and the sterility of a processed population is defined in terms of the probability of there being a viable microorganism present on a product item.

Generic requirements of the quality management system for design and development, production, installation and servicing are given in ISO 9001 and particular requirements for quality management systems for medical device production are given in ISO 13485. The standards for quality management systems recognize that, for certain processes used in manufacturing, the effectiveness of the process cannot be fully verified by subsequent inspection and testing of the product. Sterilization is an example of such a process. For this reason, sterilization processes are validated for use, the performance of the sterilization process is monitored routinely and the equipment is maintained.

International Standards specifying procedures for the validation and routine control of the processes used for the sterilization of health care products have been prepared (see, for example, ISO 14937, ISO 11135, the ISO 11137 series, the ISO 17665 series and ISO 14160). However, it is important to be aware that exposure to a properly validated and accurately controlled sterilization process is not the only factor associated with the provision of assurance that the product is sterile and, in this respect, suitable for its intended use. Furthermore, for the effective validation and routine control of a sterilization process, it is important to be aware of the microbiological challenge that is presented in the process, in terms of number, characteristics and properties of microorganisms.

The term “bioburden” is used to describe the population of viable microorganisms present on or in a product and/or a sterile barrier system. A knowledge of bioburden can be used in a number of situations as part of the following:

- validation and requalification of sterilization processes;
- routine monitoring for control of manufacturing processes;
- monitoring of raw materials, components or packaging;
- assessment of the efficiency of cleaning processes;
- an overall environmental monitoring programme.

Bioburden is the sum of the microbial contributions from a number of sources, including raw materials, manufacturing of components, assembly processes, manufacturing environment, assembly/manufacturing aids (e.g. compressed gases, water, lubricants), cleaning processes and packaging of finished products. To control bioburden, attention should be given to the microbiological status of these sources.

It is not possible to enumerate bioburden exactly and, in practice, a determination of bioburden is made using a defined method. Definition of a single method for use in determining bioburden in all situations is not practicable because of the wide variety of designs and materials of construction of health care products. Nor is it possible to define a single technique to be used in all situations for the removal of

microorganisms in preparation for enumeration. Furthermore, the selection of culture conditions for enumeration of microorganisms will be influenced by the types of microorganism likely to be present on or in health care products.

This document specifies the requirements to be met for the determination of bioburden. In addition, it gives guidance in the annexes to provide explanations and methods that are deemed suitable to conform with the requirements. Methods other than those given in the guidance may be used, if they are effective in achieving conformity with the requirements of this document.

Sterilization of health care products — Microbiological methods —

Part 1: Determination of a population of microorganisms on products

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements and provides guidance on the enumeration and microbial characterization of the population of viable microorganisms on or in a health care product, component, raw material or package.

NOTE 1 The nature and extent of microbial characterization is dependent on the intended use of bioburden data.

NOTE 2 See [Annex A](#) for guidance on [Clauses 1](#) to [9](#).

This document does not apply to the enumeration or identification of viral, prion or protozoan contaminants. This includes the removal and detection of the causative agents of spongiform encephalopathies, such as scrapie, bovine spongiform encephalopathy and Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease.

NOTE 3 Guidance on inactivating viruses and prions can be found in ISO 22442-3, ICH Q5A(R1) and ISO 13022.

This document does not apply to the microbiological monitoring of the environment in which health care products are manufactured.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 10012, *Measurement management systems — Requirements for measurement processes and measuring equipment*

ISO 13485, *Medical devices — Quality management systems — Requirements for regulatory purposes*

ISO 15189, *Medical laboratories — Requirements for quality and competence*

ISO/IEC 17025, *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>