Reciprocating internal combustion engine driven alternating current generating sets —
Part 1: Application, ratings and performance

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Bibliography
Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO’s adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 70, Internal combustion engines.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8528-1:2005), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

— the new power ratings: DCP and MAX have been introduced;
— the 10% overload power in the prime power rating has been reintroduced.

A list of all parts in the ISO 8528 series can be found on the ISO website.
Reciprocating internal combustion engine driven alternating current generating sets —

Part 1: Application, ratings and performance

1 Scope

This document defines various classifications for the application, rating and performance of generating sets consisting of a Reciprocating Internal Combustion (RIC) engine, Alternating Current (a.c.) generator and any associated controlgear, switchgear and auxiliary equipment.

It applies to a.c. generating sets driven by RIC engines for land and marine use, excluding generating sets used on aircraft or to propel land vehicles and locomotives.

For some specific applications (e.g. essential hospital supplies, high-rise buildings), supplementary requirements can be necessary. The provisions of this document can be the basis for establishing any supplementary requirements.

For other reciprocating-type prime movers (e.g. sewage-gas engines, steam engines), the provisions of this document can be used as a basis for establishing these requirements.

Generating sets meeting the requirements of this document are used to generate electrical power for continuous, peak-load and standby applications. The classifications laid down in this document are intended to help understanding between manufacturer and customer.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3046-1, Reciprocating internal combustion engines — Performance — Part 1: Declarations of power, fuel and lubricating oil consumptions, and test methods — Additional requirements for engines for general use

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

An explanation of the symbols and abbreviated terms used in this document is shown in Table 1.
Table 1 — Symbols and abbreviated terms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol or abbreviated term</th>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Unit</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a.c.</td>
<td>alternating current</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COP</td>
<td>continuous power</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESP</td>
<td>emergency standby power</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTP</td>
<td>limited-time running power</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCP</td>
<td>data centre power</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX</td>
<td>maximum power for low-power generating sets</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$p$</td>
<td>power</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$P_{pa}$</td>
<td>actual average power</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$P_{pp}$</td>
<td>permissible average power</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRP</td>
<td>prime power</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$P_{r}$</td>
<td>total barometric pressure</td>
<td>kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_{or}$</td>
<td>charge air coolant temperature</td>
<td>K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_{r}$</td>
<td>air temperature</td>
<td>K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$t$</td>
<td>time</td>
<td>s</td>
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<tr>
<td>$\phi$</td>
<td>relative humidity</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\varphi$</td>
<td>power factor</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

5 Other regulations and additional requirements

For a.c. generating sets used by onboard ships and offshore installations, which need to comply with rules of a classification society, the additional requirements of the classification society shall be observed. The classification society name shall be stated by the customer prior to placing the order.

For a.c. generating sets operating in non-classified equipment, any additional requirements are subject to agreement between the manufacturer and customer.

If special requirements from any other regulatory authority (e.g. inspecting and/or legislative authorities) need to be met, the authority name shall be stated by the customer prior to placing the order.

Any additional requirements shall be subject to agreement between the manufacturer and customer.

6 General description

6.1 Generating set

6.1.1 General

A generating set consists of one or more RIC engines used to produce mechanical energy and one or more generators to convert the mechanical energy into electrical energy. The generating set includes any components used for coupling the mechanical prime mover(s) and electrical generator(s) (e.g. couplings, gearbox) and, where applicable, any load-bearing and mounting components.

NOTE A generator ready to be installed and only able to function as it stands after being mounted on a means of transport (e.g. an agricultural or forestry tractor) is considered to be a generating set.