

Personlig fallskyddsutrustning – Räddningsselar

Personal fall protection equipment – Rescue harnesses

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Denna standard ersätter SS-EN 1497, utgåva 1.

The European Standard EN 1497:2007 has the status of a Swedish Standard. This document contains the official English version of EN 1497:2007.

This standard supersedes the Swedish Standard SS-EN 1497, edition 1.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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English Version

Personal fall protection equipment - Rescue harnesses

Équipement de protection personnel contre les chutes -
Harnais de sauvetage

Persönliche Absturzschauszüstungen - Rettungsurte

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 30 June 2007.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



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Foreword

This document (EN 1497:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 160 "Protection against falls from a height including working belts", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2008.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 89/686/EEC.

For relationship with EU Directive, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

Annex A provides details of significant technical changes between this European Standard and the previous edition: EN 1497:1996.

This document supersedes EN 1497:1996.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

EN 1497:2007 (E)

Introduction

A rescue harness conforming to this European Standard can be such that it is either intended to be used only for rescue or it may be incorporated into the design of other types of harnesses for personal fall protection, e.g. a full body harness.

A rescue harness is intended to be worn during normal working activities.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies requirements, test methods, marking and information supplied by the manufacturer for rescue harnesses. Rescue harnesses conforming to this European Standard are used as components of rescue systems, which are personal fall protection systems.

Rescue harnesses are not intended to be used as body holding devices in fall arrest systems.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 362, *Personal protective equipment against falls from a height — Connectors*

EN 363:2002, *Personal protective equipment against falls from a height — Fall arrest systems*

EN 364:1992, *Personal protective equipment against falls from a height — Test methods*

EN 365, *Personal protective equipment against falls from a height — General requirements for instructions for use, maintenance, periodic examination, repair, marking and packaging*

EN 892, *Mountaineering equipment — Dynamic mountaineering ropes — Safety requirements and test methods*

EN ISO 9227, *Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres - Salt spray tests (ISO 9227:2006)*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 363:2002 and the following apply.

3.1

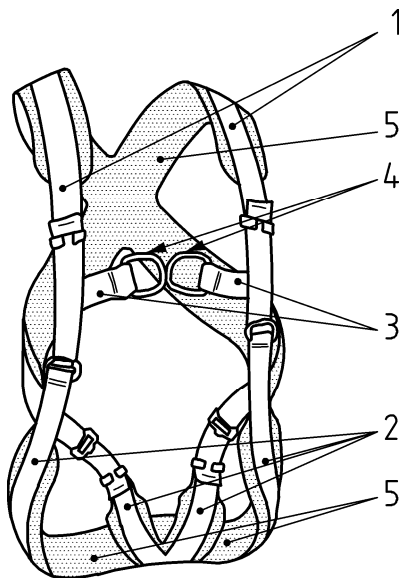
rescue harness

body support for rescue purposes comprising straps, fittings, buckles or other elements, suitably arranged and assembled to support the whole body of a person in an appropriate position during a rescue

NOTE 1 See Figure 1.

NOTE 2 Rescue harnesses are intended to be worn during normal working activities.

EN 1497:2007 (E)



Key

- 1 Primary straps (shoulder straps)
- 2 Primary straps (thigh straps)
- 3 Primary straps
- 4 Attachment point (consisting of two attachment elements)
- 5 Padding

Figure 1 — Example of a rescue harness

3.2 primary straps (for rescue harnesses)

straps intended by the manufacturer to support the body or exert pressure on the body during a rescue

NOTE Other straps are called secondary straps.

3.3 attachment point

specific connecting point for the attachment to other components, consisting of one or more attachment elements

3.4 rescue system

personal fall protection system by which a person can rescue himself/herself or others, in such a way that a fall is prevented

3.5 personal fall protection system

assembly of components for protection against falls from a height at work, including at least a body holding device connected to a reliable anchor

NOTE Excludes systems for professional and private sports activities.

3.6 maximum rated load (for the rescue harness)

maximum mass of the person, including tools and equipment, as specified by the manufacturer for the rescue harness