Järn och stål – Ultraljudprovning av H-profil med parallella flänsar samt IPE-profil

Iron and steel – Ultrasonic testing of H beams with parallel flanges and IPE beams

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Foreword

This European Standard has been prepared by Technical Committee ECISS/TC 2 "Steel - Physico-chemical and non-destructive testing", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2002, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2002.

Annex A is informative.

This standard includes a Bibliography.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.
1 Scope

This European Standard specifies a reflection method for the ultrasonic testing of H beams with parallel flanges and IPE beams for the detection of presence of internal discontinuities. Mechanised, semi-automatic or automatic techniques may be used but should be agreed between the purchaser and the supplier.

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text, and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN 473, Non destructive testing - Qualification and certification of NDT personnel – General principles.

EN 583-2, Non-destructive testing - Ultrasonic examination – Part 2: Sensitivity and range setting.

EN 583-5, Non-destructive testing - Ultrasonic examination – Part 5: Characterization and sizing of discontinuities.

EN 1330-4, Non destructive testing - Terminology - Part 4: Terms used in ultrasonic testing.

EN 12223, Non-destructive testing - Ultrasonic examination - Specification for calibration block n°1.

EN 12668-1, Non-destructive testing - Characterization and verification of ultrasonic examination equipment – Part 1: Instruments.

EN 12668-2, Non-destructive testing - Characterization and verification of ultrasonic examination equipment – Part 2: Probes.

EN 12668-3, Non-destructive testing - Characterization and verification of ultrasonic examination equipment – Part 3: Combined equipment.

3 Terms and definitions

Definitions for general terms of non-destructive testing can be found in other European Standards, e.g. EN 1330-1 and EN 1330-2. For the purposes of this European Standard, the terms and definitions given in EN 1330-4 apply, together with the following:

3.1 manual testing

testing by an operator applying an ultrasonic probe, or probes, to the flat product surface, manually executing the appropriate scanning pattern on the flat product surface and assessing ultrasonic signal indications on the electronic equipment screen either by direct viewing or by built-in signal amplitude alarm devices

3.2 automatic and semi-automatic testing

testing using a mechanised means of applying the ultrasonic probe or probes to, and executing the appropriate scanning pattern on the flat product surface, together with ultrasonic signal indication evaluation by electronic means

NOTE Such testing can be either fully automatic with no operator involvement, or semi-automatic when the operator performs basic equipment operation functions

A list of equivalent terms in several European languages is given in annex A.
4 Items for agreements

The following aspects concerning ultrasonic testing shall be agreed between the purchaser and supplier at the time of the enquiry or order:

a) the manufacturing stage(s) at which ultrasonic testing shall be performed (see clause 10);

b) the sounding plan (see clause 13);

c) the Quality Class required, or the Quality Classes and the zones to which they apply (see clause 15);

d) the applicable evaluation level and acceptance criteria if different from those detailed in Tables 1 and 2;

e) whether any special scanning coverage, equipment or couplant is required in addition to that detailed in clauses 8 and 13;

f) the scanning technique to be used if not manual;

g) the technique(s) to be used for setting sensitivity (see clause 12);

h) whether the test is to be conducted in the presence of the purchaser or his representative;

i) whether a written procedure shall be submitted for approval by the purchaser (see clause 6).

5 Principle

The method used is based on the reflection of ultrasonic waves (generally longitudinal), the direction of which is approximately perpendicular to the surface of the product. The examination consists of:

a) locating and evaluation of discontinuity by comparing the amplitude of the discontinuity echo with the amplitude of the echo of flat-bottomed hole of a given diameter and located at the same depth as the discontinuity;

NOTE Only those discontinuities giving an echo amplitude equal to or greater than that obtained with the reference flat-bottomed hole are taken into consideration.

b) determining the area of the discontinuity according to the -6dB beam width technique. The width of the discontinuity shall be determined perpendicular to the rolling direction. The length shall be determined in the rolling direction.

The examination is carried out with a double transducer probe during the first ultrasonic scan (first back wall echo) and from one side only.

6 Procedure

The inspection is normally carried out in the place of production or on the premises of the supplier. If specified on the order, the inspection may take place in the presence of the purchaser or his representative.

Ultrasonic testing shall be performed in accordance with a written procedure. Where specified in the enquiry or order, the written procedure shall be submitted to the purchaser for approval prior to testing.

1) In this case, all steps should be taken to ensure that the production process is not disturbed.
This written procedure shall be in the form of:

a) a product specification; or,

b) a procedure written specifically for the application; or,

c) this European Standard may be used if it is accompanied by examination details specific to the application.

The procedure shall contain the following details as a minimum requirement:

a) description of the item to be examined;

b) reference documents;

c) qualification and certification of examination personnel;

d) stage of manufacture at which the examination is carried out;

e) examination zones specified in terms of the applicable Quality Classes;

f) any special preparation of scanning surfaces, if applicable;

g) couplant;

h) description of examination equipment;

i) calibration;

j) scanning plan;

k) description and sequence of examination operations;

l) recording levels;

m) characterisation of discontinuities;

n) acceptance criteria;

o) examination report.

7 Personnel qualification

It is assumed that ultrasonic testing is performed by qualified and capable personnel. In order to prove this qualification, it is recommended to certify the personnel in accordance with EN 473 or equivalent.

8 Ultrasonic test equipment

8.1 Instrument

The instrument for manual testing shall feature A-scan presentation and shall comply with the requirements of EN 12668-1.