

**Temperaturmätare och termometrar för transport,
lagring och distribution av kyld, fryst, djupfryst/
snabbfryst mat och glass – Periodisk kontroll**

**Temperature recorders and thermometers for
the transport, storage and distribution of chilled,
frozen, deep-frozen/quick-frozen food and ice
cream – Periodic verification**

Europastandarden EN 13486:2001 gäller som svensk standard. Detta dokument innehåller den officiella engelska versionen av EN 13486:2001.

The European Standard EN 13486:2001 has the status of a Swedish Standard. This document contains the official English version of EN 13486:2001.

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**Temperature recorders and thermometers for the transport,
storage and distribution of chilled, frozen, deep-frozen/quick-
frozen food and ice cream - Periodic verification**

Enregistreurs de température et thermomètres pour le transport, l'entreposage et la distribution des denrées alimentaires réfrigérées, congelées et surgelées et des crèmes glacées - Vérification périodique

Temperaturregistriergeräte und Thermometer für den Transport, die Lagerung und die Verteilung von gekühlten, gefrorenen, tiefgefrorenen Lebensmitteln und Eiskrem - Regelmäßige Prüfungen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 28 September 2001.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



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Foreword

This European Standard has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 141 "Pressure gauges - Thermometers - Means of measuring and/or recording temperature in the cold chain", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2002, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2002.

The annexes A and B are informative.

This standard contains a Bibliography.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

EN 13486:2001 (E)

1 Scope

The present document sets the verification procedure for temperature recorders and thermometers for measuring the air and the products intended to equip the means used for the transport, storage and distribution of chilled, frozen, deep-frozen/quick-frozen food and ice cream and which comply with standards EN 12830 and EN 13485 (measurement classes and ranges).

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN 12830, *Temperature recorders for the transport, storage and distribution of chilled, frozen, deep-frozen/quick-frozen food and ice cream - Tests, performance, suitability.*

EN 13485, *Thermometers for measuring the air and product temperature for the transport, storage and distribution of chilled, frozen, deep-frozen/quick-frozen food and ice cream - Tests, performance, suitability.*

EN 30012-1, *Quality assurance requirements for measuring equipment – Part 1: Metrological confirmation system for measuring equipment (ISO 10012-1:1992).*

EN ISO 9000, *Quality management systems – Fundamentals and vocabulary (ISO 9000:2000).*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard, the terms and definitions of EN 12830, EN 13485, EN ISO 9000 and the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1 ¹⁾ verification

confirmation and provision of evidence that the specified requirements have been fulfilled

NOTE 1 In connection with the management of measuring equipment, verification provides a means for checking that the deviations between values indicated by a measuring instrument and corresponding known values of a measured quantity are consistently smaller than the maximum allowable error defined in a standard, regulation or specification peculiar to the management of the measuring equipment.

NOTE 2 The result of verification leads to a decision either to restore to service, or to perform adjustments, or to repair, or to downgrade, or to declare obsolete. A written trace of the verification performed is kept on the measuring instrument's individual record.

3.2 maximum permissible errors ; limits of permissible error (of a measuring instrument)²⁾

extreme values of an error permitted by specifications, regulations etc., for a given measuring instrument

3.3 working standard²⁾

standard that is used routinely to calibrate or check material measures, measuring instruments or reference materials

NOTE 1 A working standard is usually calibrated against a reference standard.

¹⁾ Definition of EN ISO 9000.

²⁾ Definition of VIM.

NOTE 2 A working standard used routinely to ensure that measurements are being carried out correctly is called a **check standard**.

4 Frequency of verification

The frequency of the checks depends on the requirements of the user, taking account of the manufacturer's specifications.

If the temperature measuring instrument is mounted on a vehicle which is subjected to an annual or periodic maintenance inspection in an agreed vehicle test station, then the verification of these measuring instruments shall be done at the same time.

NOTE 1 Nevertheless it is recommended that a check be carried out every year by the manufacturer or workshops which are authorized by him or authorized verification services, when the temperature recorders and thermometers have been used over this period.

NOTE 2 It is recommended to have a systematic verification following a period of non-use exceeding the period adopted by the user or when an operating incident or a deterioration is noted or supposed, or during an intervention such as the introduction of a new sensor, except when permitted by the manufacturer.

5 Method of verification of temperature measurement

5.1 General

The method used is the measurement by direct comparison of the instrument under test and the working standard thermometer.

5.2 Environmental conditions

It shall be ascertained that the environmental conditions for the tests are compatible with the apparatus to be verified and with the measuring instruments used (disturbances caused by, for example welding unit, inverters, high voltage cables).

5.3 Working standard

Table 1 gives the maximum calibration uncertainty for the verification measurement range, with a one-year calibration interval.

Table 1 — Criterion for selection of working standard

CLASS	Values in degrees Celsius		
	0,5	1	2
Maximum calibration uncertainty of the working standard thermometer	± 0,1	± 0,2	± 0,5

5.4 Additional equipment

Climatic container or thermostatic bath or any suitable equipment for one-site verification.

The choice shall be in accordance with the requirements in Table 2.

EN 13486:2001 (E)**Table 2 — Criterion for selection of additional equipment**

CLASS	Values in degrees Celsius		
	0,5	1	2
Maximum uncertainty of the verification	$\pm 0,3$	$\pm 0,5$	± 1

5.5 Procedure**5.5.1 General**

A detailed procedure of the operating method shall be drawn up, indicating the operating sequence and complying with the verification operations according to EN 30012-1.

5.5.2 Preliminary operations

If necessary :

- cleaning of the thermometer or the temperature recorder and the sensor(s) ;
- verification of the display or recorder (self-test) and connector(s) ;
- possible change of battery or its recharge ;
- verification of the electrical connections.

then :

- stabilisation of the temperature of the sensors (pay attention to the response time, temperature delay, heat radiation, etc.) ;
- for recorders, verify the proper functioning of the clock or of the diagram recording system according to manufacturers' specifications.

5.5.3 Verification measurement(s)

The verification operation shall be conducted at a temperature within ± 5 °C of the temperature at which the equipment is most frequently used, unless otherwise specified by the manufacturer, without exceeding the nominal measuring range of the equipment.

Climatic container or thermostatic bath as referred to in 5.4 shall be used when practicable.

If the verification is conducted on site, suitable equipment for the verification proposed by the manufacturer, if any, shall be used ; if not, an appropriate measurement method shall be applied to comply with the following requirements :

- maximum thermal coupling between the sensors ;
- minimum drift of the measured temperature ;
- sufficient time for the reading to become stable.

5.6 Condition of acceptance

This operation consists of comparing the results of measurements and calculating errors noted, taking into account the measurement uncertainty of the working standard thermometer presented in Table 1 to verify if these measurements comply with the relevant specification of limit of permissible error as given in the standards. This